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IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application. An identifier indicating the status of each claim is provided.

Listing of Claims

1. (Currently Amended)

A receiver for a communication system including a plurality of base stations and a plurality of receivers, each base station transmitting a respective CDMA signal including data intended for each of a set of one or more of the receivers, the data intended for each of the receivers being encoded in the CDMA signal using a respective spreading code for that receiver; receiver, the receiver including:

reception means for receiving a signal including CDMA signals;

one or more a plurality of branch processing means, the reception means being capable of transmitting the received signal to the or each branch processing means, the or each branch processing means corresponding to a respective one of the base stations and arranged to modify the received signal by the operations of:

- (i) data equalisation equalization, based on a respective filter using a respective set of weights; and
 - (ii) decoding the spreading code for the receiver;

decision means for using the an output of the or each branch processing means to generate an error signal and an estimate signal indicative of the data in the received signal intended for the receiver; and

adaptation means for modifying the or each the respective set of weights using the error signal.

- 5 -

- 2. (Original) A receiver according to claim 1 for use in a communications system in which the CDMA signal transmitted by each base station is encoded using a respective scrambling code for that base station, and said decoding uses the scrambling code of the corresponding base station.
- 3. (Currently Amended) A receiver according to claim 2, wherein in which there are at least two said branch processing means;

said decision means combining combines the outputs of the at least two plurality of branch processing means into a combined signal to generate a combined signal, and using the combined signal to generate the error signal and the estimate of the data in the received signal intended for the receiver.

4. (Currently Amended) A receiver according to claim 3, adapted to receive CDMA signals with a processing gain of N;

said reception means generating G measurements in each chip duration of the CDMA signal, where G is an integer;

each of said set of weights consisting of G(2M+1) weights, where M is an integer; said combined signal being a sum over the branch processing means of the product [[of]]of:

(i) a vector derived from said spreading code for the receiver and the scrambling code of the corresponding base station;

- (ii) a data matrix composed of said measurements and having G(2M+1) x N components; and
 - (iii) the set of weights for that the respective branch processing means.
- 5. (Previously Presented)

 A receiver according to claim 3 in which the detection means is arranged to generate said error signal as the difference between said combined signal and a correction signal.
- 6. (Original) A receiver according to claim 5 in which said detection means includes a non-linear function unit for generating said correction signal from said combined signal using a non-linear function.
- 7. (Original) A receiver according to claim 5 in which the detection means includes a training sequence input for receiving a training sequence, and a switch for selectively deriving said correction signal as a signal input to said training sequence input or the output of the decision means.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A method of extracting data intended for a first user from one or more CDMA signals, each broadcast by a respective base station, the or each CDMA signal including data intended for the first user and data intended one or more other users, the data for each user being encoded using a respective spreading [[code;]]code, the method including:

receiving a signal including the one or more CDMA signals;

transmitting the received signal along one or more a plurality of processing branches corresponding to different respective said base stations;

in the or each branch modifying the received signal in each processing branch by the operations of:

- (i) data equalisation equalization in respect of the corresponding base station, based on a respective set of weights; and
 - (ii) decoding, using the spreading code for the first user;

using an output signal generated generating from the outputs of the or-each processing branch an output signal, and using the output signal to derive an error signal[[,]] and an estimate signal indicative of the data in the received signal intended for the first user; and modifying said each respective set sets of weights using the error signal.

- 9. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 8 in which, wherein the CDMA signal transmitted by each base station is encoded using a respective scrambling code for that base station, and said decoding uses using the scrambling code of the corresponding base station.
- 10. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 9, wherein-in which the received signal is transmitted along at least two of said processing branches;

said decision means output signal comprises a combined signal generated by combining the outputs of the at least two-plurality of processing branches to generate a combined signal, and

using the combined signal to generate the error signal and the estimate of the data in the received signal intended for the receiver.

11. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 10 in which wherein said CDMA signals have a processing gain of N;

said step of receiving a signal includes generating G measurements in each chip duration of the CDMA signal, where G is an integer;

each of said set of weights consists of comprises G(2M+1) weights, where M is an integer; and

said combined signal is a sum over the processing branches of the product of of:

- (i) a vector derived from said spreading code for the first user receiver and the scrambling code of the corresponding base station;
- (ii) a data matrix composed of said measurements and having $(G(2M+1) \times N)$ components, and
 - (iii) the set of weights for that the respective processing branch.
- 12. (Original) A method according to claim 10 in which said error signal is the difference between said combined signal and a correction signal
- 13. (Original) A method according to claim 12 further including generating said correction signal from said combined signal using a non-linear function.
- 14. (Original) A method according to claim 12 further including deriving said correction signal as a selection from an input training sequence or the estimate signal.

15. (Currently Amended)

A communication system including comprising:

a plurality of base stations stations: and

a plurality of receivers, each base station being arranged to transmit a respective CDMA signal including data intended for each of a set of ene-two or more of the receivers encoded using a respective spreading code for the respective receiver; each receiver including:

reception means for receiving a signal including GDMA signals;

one or more plurality of branch processing means, the reception means transmitting the received signal to the or each branch processing means, the or each branch processing means corresponding to a respective one of the base stations and arranged to modify the received signal by the operations of:

- (i) data equalisation equalization, based of a respective set of weights; and
- (ii) decoding, using the spreading code for that receiver;

decision means for using an output of the or-each branch processing means to derive an error signal and an estimate of the data in the received signal intended for that the respective receiver; and

adaptation means for modifying said respective set sets of weights using the error signal.

- 16. (Canceled)
- 17. (Canceled)

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